Application No.: 09/742,684

Attorney Docket No.: SALK1720-6 (088802-3109)

Response to Office Action (mailed March 23, 2004) faxed May 24, 2004

December 19, 2000

Filing Date: Response to Page 2 of 10

Amendments to the Claims

Please amend claims 11 and 27, and add new claims 37 and 38, as indicated below in the listing of claims. Please cancel claims 21-24 and 31-34 without prejudice.

Listing of Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

- 1-10. (Cancelled).
- 11. (Currently amended) A method for screening a collection of compounds to determine those compounds which bind to receptors of the activin/TGF-β superfamily, said method comprising employing a vertebrate activin receptor in a competitive binding assay,

wherein said vertebrate activin receptor has binding affinity for activin and has at least about 80% amino acid identity with SEQ ID NO:16; and is encoded by a nucleotide sequence which is:

- (n) the nucleotide sequence of a cDNA molecule present in a vertebrate library, wherein the noneoding strand of the cDNA molecule hybridizes under-conditions of low stringency with a probe comprising the contiguous sequence of nucleotides 128-1609 of SEQ 1D NO:15; or
 - (b) a sequence-degenerate with the sequence of a cDNA molecule according to (a);

wherein the receptor is further characterized by having the following domains, reading from the N-terminal end of said protein:

- an extracellular, ligand-binding domain,
- a hydrophobic, trans-membrane domain, and
- an intracellular serine/threonine kinase domain.

12-17. (Cancelled).

Application No.: 09/742,684

December 19, 2000

Attorney Docket No.: SALK1720-6 (088802-3109)

Filing Date:

Response to Office Action (mailed March 23, 2004) faxed May 24, 2004

Page 3 of 10

- (Previously presented) A method according to claim 11, wherein said receptor is encoded by nucleotides having at least 70% sequence identity with respect to the contiguous nucleotide sequence of nucleotides 128-1609 of SEQ ID NO:15.
- (Previously presented) A method according to claim 11, wherein said receptor is 19. encoded by nucleotides having at least 80% sequence identity with respect to the contiguous nucleotide sequence of nucleotides 128-1609 of SEQ ID NO:15.
- (Previously presented) A method according to claim 11, wherein said receptor is encoded by nucleotides having at least 90% sequence identity with respect to the contiguous nucleotide sequence of nucleotides 128-1609 of SEO ID NO:15.
 - 21.-24. (Cancelled).
- 25 (Previously presented) A method according to claim 11, wherein said receptor comprises the amino acid sequence of residues 20-513 as set forth in SEQ ID NO:16.
- 26. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 25, wherein said receptor further comprises the amino acid sequence of residues 1-19 as set forth in SEQ ID NO:16.

Application No.: 09/742.684

December 19, 2000

Attorney Docket No.: SALK1720-6

(088802-3109)

Filing Date: Response to Office Action (mailed March 23, 2004) faxed May 24, 2004

Page 4 of 10

27. (Currently amended) A method for screening a collection of compounds to determine those compounds which bind to receptors of the activin/TGF-B superfamily, said method comprising employing a soluble polypeptide in a competitive binding assay,

wherein said soluble polypeptide has binding affinity for activin and has at least about 80% amino acid identity with amino acid residues 20-134 of SEQ ID NO:16 is encoded by a nucleotide scauence which is:

- (a) the nucleotide sequence of a cDNA-molecule present in a vertebrate library, wherein the noncoding strand of the cDNA molecule hybridizes under conditions of low stringency with a probe comprising the contiguous sequence of nucleotides 128 472 of SEQ ID-NO: 15; or
 - (b) a sequence degenerate with the sequence of a cDNA molecule according to (a).
- 28. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 27, wherein said polypeptide is encoded by nucleotides having at least 70% sequence identity with respect to the contiguous nucleotide sequence of nucleotides 128-472 of SEQ ID NO:15.
- (Previously presented) A method according to claim 27, wherein said receptor is encoded by nucleotides having at least 80% sequence identity with respect to the contiguous nucleotide sequence of nucleotides 128-472 of SEO ID NO:15.
- (Previously presented) A method according to claim 27, wherein said receptor is encoded by nucleotides having at least 90% sequence identity with respect to the contiguous · nucleotide sequence of nucleotides 128-472 of SEO ID NO:15.
 - 31.-34. (Cancelled).
- (Previously presented) A method according to claim 27, wherein said receptor comprises the amino acid sequence of residues 20-134 as set forth in SEQ ID NO:16.

Application No.: 09/742,684 Attorney Docket No.: SALK1720-6 Filing Date: December 19, 2000 (088802-3109) Response to Office Action (mailed March 23, 2004) faxed May 24, 2004

Page 5 of 10

- (Previously presented) A method according to claim 35, wherein said receptor further comprises the amino acid sequence of residues 1-19 as set forth in SEQ ID NO:16.
- 37. (New) A method for screening a collection of compounds to determine those compounds which bind to receptors of the activin/TGF-β superfamily, said method comprising employing a vertebrate activin receptor in a competitive binding assay,

wherein said vertebrate activin receptor has binding affinity for activin and is encoded by nucleotides having at least 90% sequence homology with respect to the contiguous nucleotide sequence of nucleotides 128-1609 of SEQ ID NO:15.

38. (New) A method according to claim 37, wherein the contiguous nucleotide sequence further comprises nucleotides 71-127 of SEQ ID NO:15.